ANALYSIS BASED ON DATA FROM HOUSEHOLDS. 20 OUT OF 20 DISTRICTS Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.



School enrollment

Table 1: % Children enrolled in different types of schools. By age group and sex. 2024

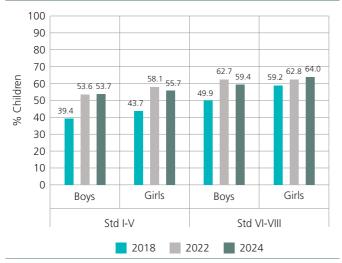
Age group and sex	Govt	Pvt	Other	Not in school	Total
Age 6-14: All	58.0	41.3	0.1	0.5	100
Age 7-16: All	58.4	40.5	0.1	1.0	100
Age 7-10: All	54.3	45.4	0.1	0.3	100
Age 7-10: Boys	53.1	46.5	0.2	0.3	100
Age 7-10: Girls	55.5	44.1	0.1	0.3	100
Age 11-14: All	60.9	38.2	0.1	0.8	100
Age 11-14: Boys	58.4	40.4	0.1	1.1	100
Age 11-14: Girls	63.3	36.0	0.1	0.6	100
Age 15-16: All	62.4	34.2	0.2	3.3	100
Age 15-16: Boys	62.1	34.5	0.2	3.2	100
Age 15-16: Girls	62.7	33.9	0.1	3.3	100

'Other' includes children going to Madarsa or EGS.

'Not in school' includes children who never enrolled or have dropped out.

Chart 2: Trends over time

% Children enrolled in govt schools in Std I-V and Std VI-VIII. By sex. 2018, 2022, 2024



Young children in pre-school and school

Table 2: % Children enrolled in different types of pre-schools and schools. By age. 2022

	Pre	-school			School		Not in	
Age	Anganwadi	Govt pre- primary	Pvt LKG/ UKG	Govt	Pvt	Other	pre- school or school	Total
Age 3	32.0	6.4	39.0	0.8	0.1	0.0	21.7	100
Age 4	15.9	13.9	62.0	1.9	1.1	0.0	5.1	100
Age 5	4.1	8.9	61.3	19.1	5.3	0.0	1.2	100
Age 6	1.3	3.7	29.9	38.7	26.1	0.0	0.4	100
Age 7	0.2	0.4	6.6	50.2	42.3	0.0	0.3	100
Age 8	0.1	0.1	1.7	53.2	44.5	0.0	0.4	100

Chart 1: Trends over time % Children not enrolled in school. By age group and sex. 2006-2024

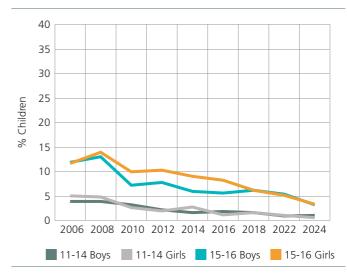




Table 3: % Children enrolled in different types of preschools and schools. By age. 2024

	Pre	-school			School		Not in	
Age	Anganwadi	Govt pre- primary	Pvt LKG/ UKG	Govt	Pvt	Other	pre- school or school	Total
Age 3	36.2	18.0	31.7	2.0	2.0	0.0	10.1	100
Age 4	11.9	29.2	50.9	4.3	2.4	0.0	1.3	100
Age 5	2.4	21.8	49.3	17.7	8.5	0.0	0.3	100
Age 6	1.7	5.7	31.0	39.0	22.3	0.2	0.1	100
Age 7	0.5	1.2	8.3	48.4	41.3	0.2	0.3	100
Age 8	0.1	0.4	2.2	51.2	45.8	0.1	0.3	100

Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.



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Reading

ASER learning assessments are conducted in the household. Children in the age group of 5-16 are assessed. Assessments are conducted in 19 languages across the country. The type of school in which children are enrolled (government or private) is also recorded.

Table 4: % Children by grade and reading level. All children. 2024

Std	Not even letter	Letter	Word	Std I level text	Std II level text	Total
I	22.3	42.7	20.7	9.1	5.2	100
Ш	10.1	28.6	25.2	22.2	13.8	100
III	4.6	15.1	17.6	28.5	34.2	100
IV	3.5	11.6	11.4	23.5	50.0	100
V	2.0	6.2	9.0	21.7	61.0	100
VI	2.4	5.3	6.8	19.7	65.8	100
VII	1.1	3.0	6.3	16.9	72.7	100
VIII	1.7	4.1	3.9	14.2	76.1	100

The reading tool is a progressive tool. Each row shows the variation in children's reading levels within a given grade. For example, among children in Std III, 4.6% cannot even read letters, 15.1% can read letters but not words or higher, 17.6% can read words but not Std I level text or higher, 28.5% can read Std I level text but not Std II level text, and 34.2% can read Std II level text. For each grade, the total of these exclusive categories is 100%

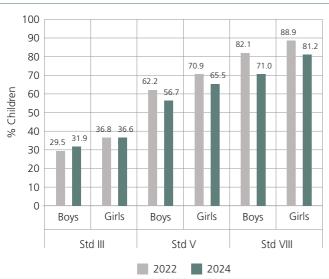
Table 5: Trends over time Reading in Std III. By school type. 2014, 2016, 2018, 2022, 2024

Year		% Children in Std III who can read Std II level text					
	Govt Pvt		Govt & Pvt*				
2014	24.1	41.4	33.6				
2016	30.6	39.2	35.2				
2018	36.4	41.8	39.4				
2022	26.3	41.2	33.0				
2024	29.7	40.3	34.2				

The highest level in the ASER reading assessment is a Std II level text. Table 5 shows the proportion of children in Std III who can read a Std II level text. This figure is a proxy for "grade level" reading for Std III. Data for children enrolled in government schools and private schools is shown separately.

*This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

Chart 3: Trends over time % Children who can read Std II level text. By grade and sex. 2022 and 2024



Reading tool

ਾਰਨ ਪਰੇਸ਼ਾਨ ਸਨ। ਅੱਜ ਸਵੇਰੇ ਚਾਨਕ ਕਾਲੇ-ਕਾਲੇ ਬੱਦਲ ਛਾ ਏ। ਚਾਰੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਹਨ੍ਹੇਰਾ ਛਾ ਗਿਆ। ਾਰੇ ਬਦੱਲ ਦੇਖ ਕੇ ਬਹੁਤ ਖੁਸ਼ ਹੋ ਏ। ਠੰਡੀ-ਠੰਡੀ ਹਵਾ ਚੱਲਣ ਲੱਗੀ। ਨਾ ਮੀਂਹ ਪੈਣ ਲੱਗਿਆ। ਸਾਰੇ ਮੀਂਹ ਓ ਨਹਾਉਣ ਲੱਗੇ। ਮੈਂ ਵੀ ਮੀਂਹ ਵਿੱਚ ਹਾਉਣ ਲੱਗਿਆ। ਨਹਾਉਂਦੇ-ਨਹਾਉਂਦੇ	Std I le	vel text
ਕੱਲ੍ਹ ਬਹੁਤ ਗਰਮੀ ਸੀ। ਸਾਰੇ ਗਰਮੀ ਕਾਰਨ ਪਰੇਸ਼ਾਨ ਸਨ। ਅੱਜ ਸਵੇਰੇ ਅਚਾਨਕ ਕਾਲੇ-ਕਾਲੇ ਬੱਦਲ ਛਾ ਕਏ। ਚਾਰੇ ਪਾਸੇ ਹਰ੍ਹੇਰਾ ਛਾ ਗਿਆ। ਸਾਰੇ ਸਦੱਲ ਦੇਖ ਕੇ ਸਹੁਤ ਖਸ ਹੋ	ਉਸ 'ਤੇ ਬੜੇ ਅ ਅਸੀਂ' ਮਿਠੇ ਮ	ਕ ਦਰੱਖਤ ਹੈ। ਮੈਂਬ ਲਗਦੇ ਹਨ। ਮੈਂਬ ਖਾਂਦੇ ਹਾਂ। ਜ਼ਾਰ ਪਾਉਂਦੇ ਹਾਂ।
ਗਏ। ਠੰਡੀ-ਠੰਡੀ ਹਵਾ ਚੱਲਣ ਲੱਗੀ।	Letters	Words
ਫ਼ਿਰ ਮੀਂਹ ਪੈਣ ਲੱਗਿਆ। ਸਾਰੇ ਮੀਂਹ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਹਾਉਣ ਲੱਗੇ। ਮੈਂ ਵੀ ਮੀਂਹ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਹਾਉਣ ਲੱਗਿਆ। ਨਹਾਉਂਦੇ-ਨਹਾਉਂਦੇ ਮੈਨੂੰ ਠੰਡ ਲੱਗਣ ਲੱਗੀ। ਫ਼ਿਰ ਮੈਂ ਘਰ ਆ ਗਿਆ।	त व उ ट ल उ ह म उ ह म	ਡਾਲ ਦੁਖੀ ਸੁੱਖਾ ਦੁਜਾ ਵੇਸ ਕੇਕਾ ਟੇਪੀ ਪੈਰ ਸ਼ੀਰ ਕਿਹ

Table 6: Trends over time Reading in Std V and Std VIII. By school type. 2014, 2016, 2018, 2022, 2024

Year	% Children in Std V who can read Std II level text			% Children in Std VIII who can read Std II level text			
	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*	
2014	60.9	73.8	66.6	87.3	84.4	86.2	
2016	64.0	73.8	69.1	83.6	90.0	86.3	
2018	68.7	74.4	71.6	83.8	87.1	85.1	
2022	59.4	75.5	66.2	82.6	90.2	85.4	
2024	60.8	62.2	61.4	72.2	84.6	76.7	

*This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.



Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.



Arithmetic

ASER learning assessments are conducted in the household. Children in the age group of 5-16 are assessed. Assessments are conducted in 19 languages across the country. The type of school in which children are enrolled (government or private) is also recorded.

Table 7: % Children by grade and arithmetic level. Allchildren. 2024

Std	Not even	Recognise	numbers	Subtract	Divide	Total
Ju	1-9	1-9	11-99	JUDITACI	Diviac	10101
1	16.5	36.1	39.1	5.6	2.7	100
I	7.9	25.8	38.9	23.8	3.7	100
	3.0	16.4	29.6	36.4	14.6	100
IV	1.7	10.6	24.6	29.8	33.2	100
V	1.5	6.5	17.3	25.9	48.8	100
VI	1.5	5.2	15.6	27.3	50.4	100
VII	0.5	3.7	13.8	25.9	56.0	100
VIII	1.0	4.2	13.1	21.8	59.9	100

The arithmetic tool is a progressive tool. Each row shows the variation in children's arithmetic levels within a given grade. For example, among children in Std III, 3% cannot even recognise numbers from 1 to 9, 16.4% can recognise numbers up to 9 but cannot recognise numbers up to 99 or higher, 29.6% can recognise numbers up to 99 but cannot do subtraction, 36.4% can do subtraction but cannot do division, and 14.6% can do division. For each grade, the total of these exclusive categories is 100%.

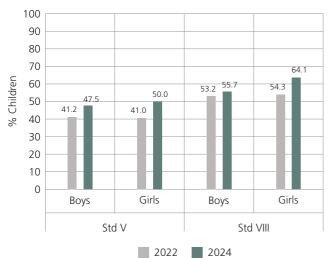
Table 8: Trends over timeArithmetic in Std III. By school type.2014, 2016, 2018, 2022, 2024

Year	% Children in Std III who can do at least subtraction					
Tear	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*			
2014	32.1	60.6	47.7			
2016	36.3	59.4	48.6			
2018	40.5	57.1	49.8			
2022	31.1	61.6	44.8			
2024	43.9	60.5	51.1			

In most states, children are expected to do 2-digit by 2digit subtraction with borrowing by Std II. Table 8 shows the proportion of children in Std III who can do subtraction. This figure is a proxy for "grade level" arithmetic for Std III. Data for children enrolled in government schools and private schools is shown separately.

*This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.

Chart 4: Trends over time % Children who can do division. By grade and sex. 2022 and 2024



Arithmetic tool

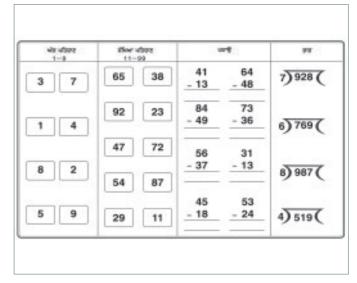


Table 9: Trends over timeArithmetic in Std V and Std VIII. By school type.2014, 2016, 2018, 2022, 2024

Year	% Children in Std V who can do division				ren in Std n do divisi	
	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*	Govt	Pvt	Govt & Pvt*
2014	37.1	53.9	44.4	56.4	70.7	61.8
2016	42.4	53.5	48.1	48.0	72.0	58.0
2018	50.1	55.7	52.9	58.4	68.6	62.5
2022	33.3	51.8	41.1	44.5	69.5	53.7
2024	46.3	52.6	48.8	58.0	64.5	60.4

*This is the weighted average for children in government and private schools only.





Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.

Digital literacy: For children aged 14-16

The digital literacy section in ASER 2024 consists of two parts: a set of self-reported questions as well as a one-on-one assessment.

Access, ownership, and use of smartphones (Self-reported)

Table 10: Smartphone availability and use. By age. 2024

	9	6 Children wh	D:	Of those who
Age	Have a smartphone at home	Could bring a smartphone to do digital tasks*	Can use a smartphone	can use a smartphone, % who have their own smartphone
14	96.8	77.3	94.0	38.3
15	95.6	79.9	94.1	46.8
16	95.9	82.1	94.6	56.8
All	96.2	79.4	94.2	46.0

Table 12: Of those who know how to use a smartphone, % children who used a smartphone in the reference week** for any educational activity or social media activity, and know how to use safety features. By age. 2024

Age	% Children who did any education- related	% Children who used	Of tho:	se who useo % children v	
Nge	activity in the reference week	the reference week	Block/ report a profile	Make a profile private	Change password
14	61.9	86.0	66.3	60.3	60.7
15	64.1	86.9	79.1	73.3	71.6
16	64.3	87.9	82.5	77.9	75.0
All	63.3	86.8	75.0	69.5	68.2

Table 11: Smartphone availability and use. By sex. 2024

	% Children who:							
Sex	Have a smartphone at home to do digi tasks*		Can use a smartphone	Of those who can use a smartphone, % who have their own smartphone				
Boys	96.8	82.4	95.2	48.8				
Girls	95.6	76.9	93.4	43.6				
All	96.2	79.4	94.2	46.0				

Table 13: Of those who know how to use a smartphone, % children who used a smartphone in the reference week** for any educational activity or social media activity, and know how to use safety features. By sex. 2024

Sex	% Children who did any education- related	% Children who used	Of those who used social media, % children who can:				
252	activity in the reference week	the reference week	Block/ report a profile	Make a profile private	Change password		
Boys	59.8	88.0	79.3	75.5	75.6		
Girls	66.3	85.7	71.1	64.0	61.6		
All	63.3	86.8	75.0	69.5	68.2		

Digital tasks (Administered one-on-one to surveyed children)

ALARM	BROWSING FOR INFORMATION	FINDING AND SHARING A YOUTUBE VIDEO
ਕੱਲ੍ਹ ਸਵੇਰ ਦੇ 8:30 ਵਜੇ	ਭਾਰਤ ਦੀ ਪਹਿਲੀ ਮਹਿਲਾ ਰਾਸ਼ਟਰਪਤੀ	PMGDISHA Module 1 (ਪੀ. ਐਮ. ਜੀ. ਦਿਸ਼ਾ ਮਾਡਿਊਲ 1) Question a: Find the "PMGDISHA Module 1" video on YouTube.
Question: Set an alarm for 8:30 in the morning.	Question: Search on the phone and tell me the name of the first woman President of India.	Question b: If could find video, then send/share it with a friend/family member using WhatsApp or Telegram.

Table 14: % Children who could do digital tasks on a smartphone. By age and sex. 2024

	% Children who could		ho could Of those who could bring a smartphone, % who could do the following tasks:												
Age	Age bring a smartphone to do digital tasks*		Setting an alarm		Browsing for information		Finding YouTube video		Of those who found video, % able to share it						
	Boys	Girls	All	Boys	Girls	All	Boys	Girls	All	Boys	Girls	All	Boys	Girls	All
14	80.3	74.8	77.3	90.1	83.9	86.9	81.6	85.7	83.7	89.8	91.9	90.9	96.9	97.4	97.1
15	82.8	77.5	79.9	89.9	87.1	88.4	85.3	89.7	87.7	94.1	94.3	94.2	96.2	96.8	96.5
16	85.3	79.4	82.1	90.5	86.5	88.5	86.0	83.9	84.9	94.6	91.1	92.8	96.8	96.7	96.8
All	82.4	76.9	79.4	90.1	85.7	87.8	84.0	86.6	85.4	92.6	92.5	92.5	96.6	97.0	96.8

*Children were asked to bring a smartphone with good connectivity during the survey to do the digital tasks.

**Reference week implies the 7 days prior to the survey.

Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.



School observations

In each sampled village, the largest government school with primary sections is visited on the day of the survey. Information about schools in this report is based on these visits.

Table 15: Trends over time

Number of schools visited. 2010, 2018, 2022, 2024

	2010	2018	2022	2024
Primary*	391	536	587	578
Upper primary or higher*	58	18	3	4
Total schools visited	449	554	590	582

Table 16: Trends over time

Student and teacher attendance on the day of visit. 2010, 2018, 2022, 2024

All schools**	2010	2018	2022	2024
% Enrolled children present (Average)	82.7	83.0	79.7	80.1
% Teachers present (Average)	88.5	85.5	85.7	81.8

Table 17: Trends over time % Schools with total enrollment of 60 or less. 2010, 2018, 2022, 2024

	2010	2018	2022	2024
All schools	17.2	38.2	33.8	37.0

Table 18: Multigrade classes. 2024

% Schools	Std I children observed sitting with any other Std	Std II children observed sitting with any other Std
All schools	59.1	57.9

Table 19: Observation of Teaching Learning Material (TLM) in classrooms. 2024

% Schools	TLM observed in		classroom (apart students displayed		
	Std I Std II		Std I	Std II	
All schools	86.1	84.7	66.1	67.2	

School facilities

Table 20: Trends over time

% Schools with selected facilities. 2010, 2018, 2022, 2024

% Schools	with	2010	2018	2022	2024
Mid-day	Mid-day meal served in school on day of visit	97.9	93.4	99.1	97.4
meal	Kitchen/shed for cooking mid-day meal	94.7	99.1	99.3	99.5
	No facility for drinking water	8.9	7.6	1.7	7.2
Drinking	Facility but no drinking water available	8.0	9.6	5.6	4.2
water	Drinking water available	83.1	82.7	92.7	88.6
	Total	100	100	100	100
	No toilet facility	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.2
Toilet	Facility but toilet not useable	37.9	10.5	15.9	18.6
IONEL	Toilet useable	61.2	89.5	84.1	81.2
	Total	100	100	100	100
	No separate provision for girls' toilet	7.3	3.4	3.1	4.2
Girls'	Separate provision but locked	16.9	2.4	1.9	3.0
toilet	Separate provision, unlocked but not useable	26.5	10.3	15.4	15.8
conce	Separate provision, unlocked and useable	49.4	83.9	79.6	77.0
	Total	100	100	100	100
	No library	4.1	11.9	3.2	2.8
Library	Library but no books being used by children on day of visit	30.0	43.3	56.2	56.6
LIDIALY	Library books being used by children on day of visit	66.0	44.9	40.6	40.7
	Total	100	100	100	100
	Electricity connection		99.6	100.0	99.5
Electricity	Of schools with electricity connection, % schools with electricity available on day of visit		93.6	96.2	98.6
	No computer available for children to use	89.3	78.5	14.5	15.7
Computer	Computer available but not being used by children on day of visit	5.5	17.7	63.4	52.6
Computer	Computer being used by children on day of visit	5.2	3.8	22.2	31.7
	Total	100	100	100	100

*Primary schools offer Std I-IV/V; upper primary schools offer Std I-VI/VII/VIII.

**All schools include primary schools and upper primary schools.





Data is not presented where sample size is insufficient.

Other school indicators

In each sampled village, the largest government school with primary sections is visited on the day of the survey. Information about schools in this report is based on these visits.

Table 21: Foundational Literacy and Numeracy (FLN) activities. 2024

% Schools		Received a directive from govt to	teacher receiv	ist one ed training on ₋N	Received Teaching Learning	Received funds for TLM for	School readiness	
70 SCHOOIS		implement FLN activities with Std I-II / III	Offline	Online	Material (TLM) for FLN activities**	FLN activities**	program held for Std l	
	Current academic year (2024-2025)		63.2	45.7	66.7	63.2	87.5	
	All schools* Previous academic year (2023-2024)		86.7	77.4	85.1	87.4	90.4	

Table 22: Trends over time

Distribution of language and math textbooks. 2022 and 2024

		Textbooks distributed						
% Schools		All grades	Some grades	No grades/ don't know	Total			
All schools	2022	95.8	4.2	0.0	100			
	2024	99.5	0.5	0.0	100			

Table 24: Trends over time Physical education. 2018, 2022, 2024

% Schools with		All schools			
		2018	2022	2024	
	e allotted for physical or every class		69.5	70.7	
	Separate teacher	5.6	4.7	4.4	
Physical education	Any other teacher	61.0	58.4	56.8	
teacher	No teacher	33.4	36.8	38.8	
	Total	100	100	100	
Playground	in the school	72.0	75.9	74.8	
Sports equipment available		58.4	92.0	89.3	

*All schools include primary schools and upper primary schools. **Schools could have received TLM, funds to purchase TLM, or both.

Table 23: Trends over time Distribution of uniforms. 2022 and 2024

	% Schools		Uniforms distributed				lf not
			All grades	Some grades	No grades/ don't know	Total	distributed in all grades, then % schools where funds given
	All schools	2022	96.4	3.1	0.5	100	
	All schools	2024	90.7	7.6	1.7	100	

